

MULTIMEDIA



UNIVERSITY

STUDENT ID NO

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MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 2, 2015/2016

TCT 2561 – COMPLEXITY THEORY

(All sections / Groups)

9 MARCH 2016

9:00 a.m. – 11:00 a.m.

(2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

1. This Question paper consists of **5 pages** only including the cover page.
2. Attempt **ALL** questions.
3. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of the marks for each question is given.
4. Please print all your answers **CLEARLY** in the Answer Booklet provided.

Question 1 (2+2+6+5 marks)

- (a) Differentiate between computational complexity theory and computability theory.
- (b) Differentiate between deterministic Turing machine and non-deterministic Turing machine.
- (c) Draw a graph to illustrate each of the following asymptotic equations.
- i. $f(n) = O(g(n))$
 - ii. $f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$
 - iii. $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$
- (d) Consider the following algorithm for the Tower of Hanoi problem with n discs and three poles: `src` is the source, `spare` is the spare, and `dest` is the destination.

```
void towerOfHanoi(int n, char src, char spare, char dest)
{
    towerOfHanoi (n - 1, src, dest, spare);
    towerOfHanoi (1, src, spare, dest);
    towerOfHanoi (n - 1, spare, src, dest);
}
```

- i. Write down the recurrence relation of `towerOfHanoi()`.
- ii. What is the time complexity class of `towerOfHanoi()` and why?

Continued

Question 2 (3+8+4 marks)

- (a) Savitch's theorem says that any non-deterministic Turing machine that uses $f(n)$ space can be converted to a deterministic Turing machine that uses only $f^2(n)$ space.
- Give the formal definition of Savitch's theorem.
 - What is the significance of Savitch's theorem?
 - What is the implication on the time complexity?

- (b) Given the following definition.

$PATH = \{ \langle G, s, t \rangle \mid G \text{ is a directed graph that has a directed path from } s \text{ to } t \}.$

- Give a high-level Turing machine description for $PATH$ in exponential time.
- Give a high-level Turing machine description for $PATH$ in polynomial time.
- Is $PATH$ problem in time complexity class P? Why?

- (c) Given the following definitions.

$TQBF = \{ \langle \phi \rangle \mid \phi \text{ is a true fully quantified Boolean formula} \}.$

$FORMULA-GAME = \{ \langle \phi \rangle \mid \text{Player } E \text{ has a winning strategy in the formula game associated with } \phi \}.$

Show that $FORMULA-GAME$ is PSPACE-complete.

Continued

Question 3 (8+3+4 marks)

- (a) Give a complexity class example for each of the following computational models and then briefly explain your reason.
- Boolean circuit
 - Probabilistic Turing machine
 - Alternation
 - Interactive proof system
- (b) Is $\text{NPSPACE} \subseteq \text{TIME}(2^{n^k})$? Explain your decision.
- (c) Draw a Venn diagram that depicts the relationship between NP-complete, NPSPACE, NP, PSPACE, and NP-hard complexity classes. Label the complexity classes clearly in your drawing.

Continued

Question 4 (3+3+5+4 marks)

- (a) In your own words, explain the theorem, “if $A \leq_P B$ and $B \in P$ then $A \in P$ ”.
- (b) Draw a figure to illustrate mapping reducibility.
- (c) Examine the following definitions.

$SORTING = \{ \langle A[], n \rangle \mid A[] \text{ is an array of integers and } n \text{ is the array size such that we have the array of integers in ascending order } \}.$

$DISTINCT = \{ \langle A[], n \rangle \mid A[] \text{ is an array of integers and } n \text{ is the array size such that we have distinct integers in the array } \}.$

Construct a polynomial time reduction from $SORTING$ to $DISTINCT$.

- (d) Describe two methods to prove that a problem B is NP-complete.

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